# Probabilistic Monitoring in Virginia: Experiences From the First Five Years

Jason R. Hill Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

National Conference on Planning a Survey of the Nation's Lakes

April 25, 2006



#### Acknowledgements

#### VDEQ Monitoring Staff

Warren Smigo, Roger Stewart, Don Smith, George Devlin, Tony Silva, Bill Shanabruch, Billy Van Wart, Mike Shaver, Eddy Cumbow, Greg Brown, Larry Willis, Drew Miller, Mary Dail, Mike Scanlan, Chip Sparks, Ted Turner

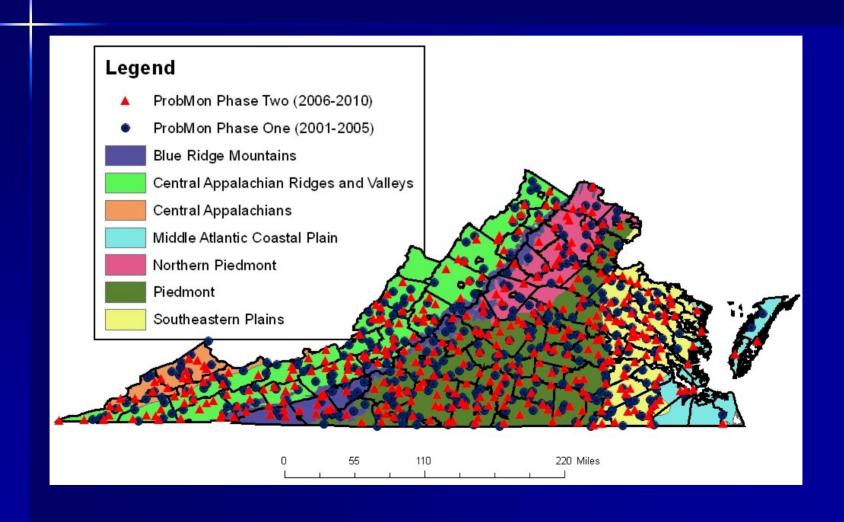
#### USEPA

Greg Pond, Maggie Passmore, Karen Blocksom, Tony Olson

#### Background

- 1997 Water Quality Monitoring, Improvement, and Restoration Act (WQMIRA)
- 1999 VDEQ monitoring taskforce revamps monitoring programs
- 2001- Probabilistic monitoring (ProbMon) begins

#### Sample Locations



#### Sample Reconnaissance

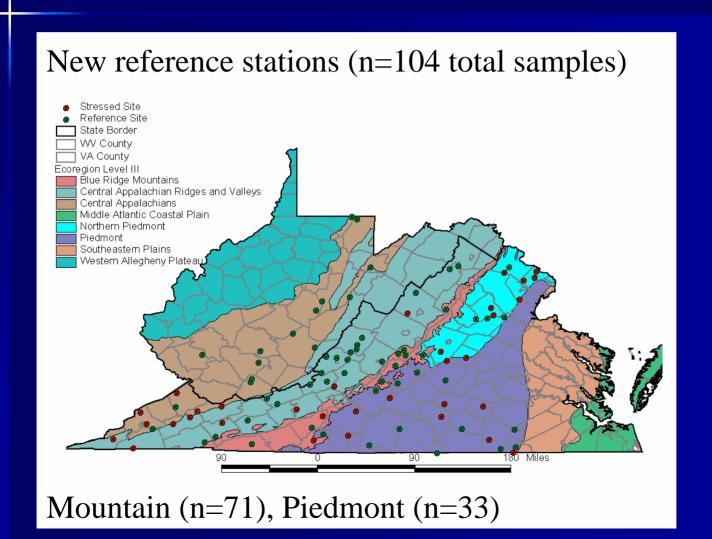
- Biologist contacts the landowner
- Sample spring and fall (different parameters)
- Four years of potential sampling (n=280)
  - 234 target and sampled (code 1)
  - 13 permission denied (code 2)
  - 9 other target (code 2)
  - 24 non-target (estuarine code 3)

#### Case Studies

- Biomonitoring validation study
- Report condition of 100% stream miles
- Support Total Maximum Daily Load studies
- Track watershed management decisions
- Support water quality standards development
- Innovative monitoring strategies

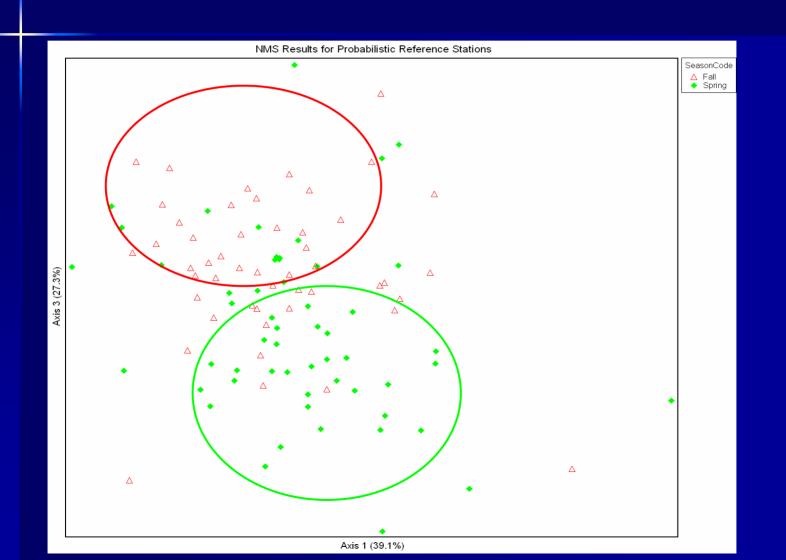


- 2001 biological index development for noncoastal Virginia begins (8 core metrics)
- Final report submitted in September 2003
- VDEQ concerned with data used to develop the Virginia Stream Condition Index (VSCI)
  - Lack of watershed size diversity
  - Bias toward mountainous ecoregions
  - Multiple samples at the same location

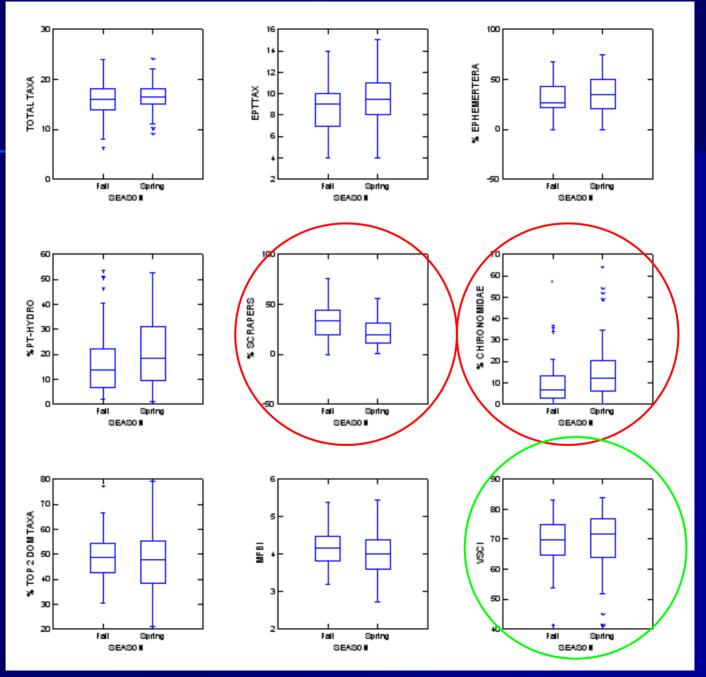


Categories: season, basin size, ecoregion, bioregion, basin size, VDEQ region, river basin

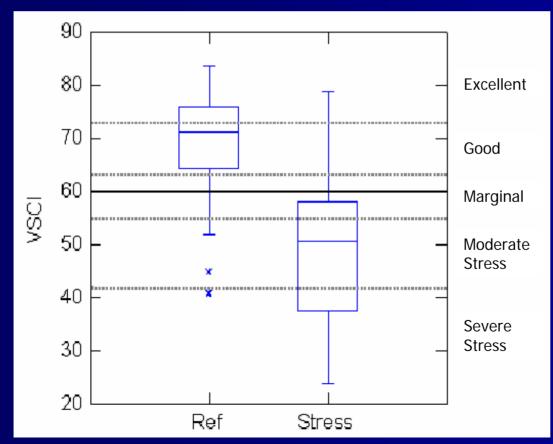
- Test for patterns in reference taxa
- Test for statistical significance
- Test for environmental significance
- Best standard value calibration



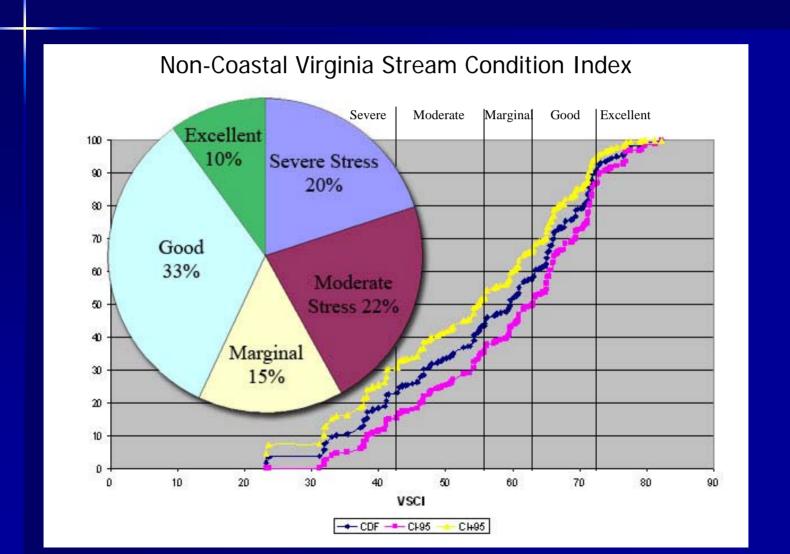
#### **Environmental Significance? Season?**



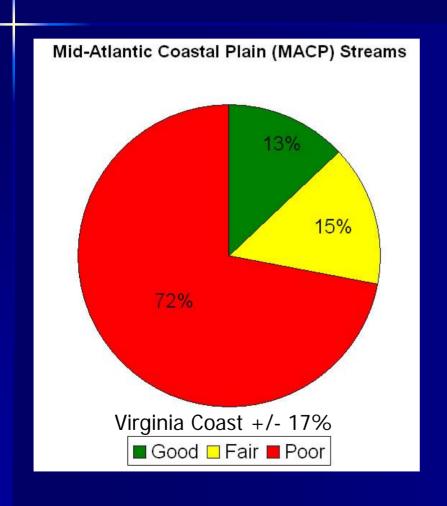
- VSC[ works!
- http://www.deq.virginia.gov/probmon/pdf/scival.pdf

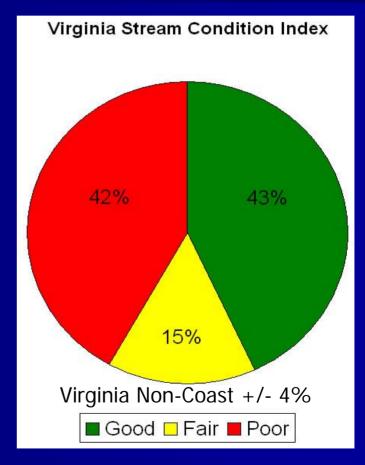


#### Report 100% Stream miles

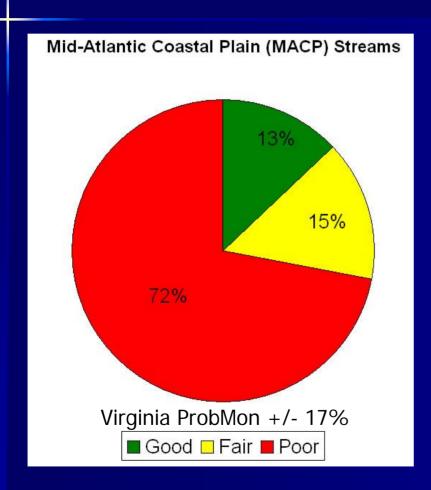


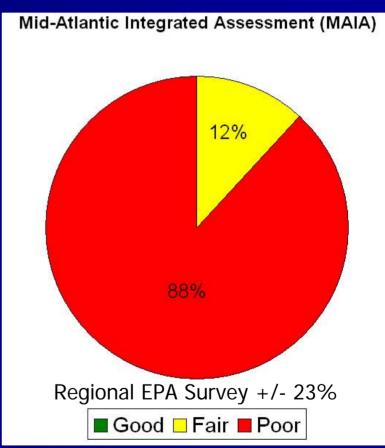
#### Report 100% Stream miles





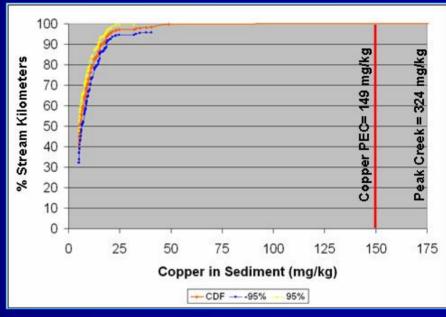
#### Report 100% Stream miles





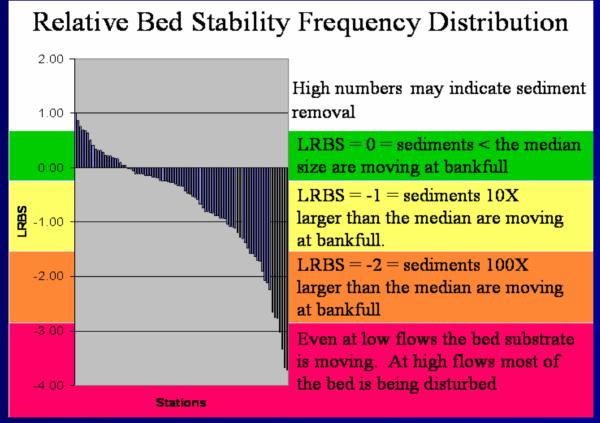
## Support TMDL Development





- Peak Creek (Metal TMDL)
- UT Chickahominy (Nutrient TMDL)
- Straight Creek (Ionic Strength TMDL)

# Support TMDL Development

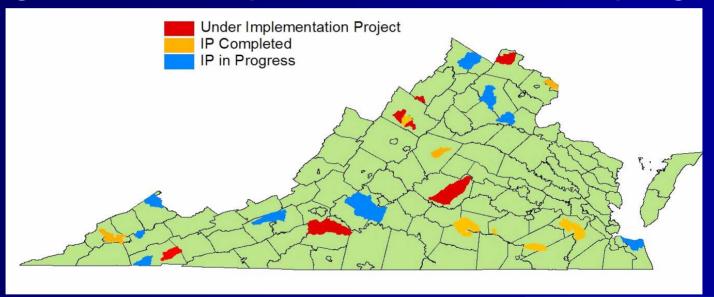


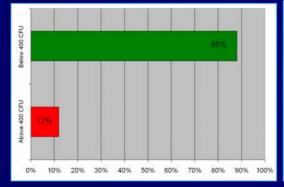


- Sediment endpoint in many biological studies
- Relative bed stability=quantitative habitat data

#### Tracking Watershed Management

#### Virginia has 8 Implementation Plans in progress

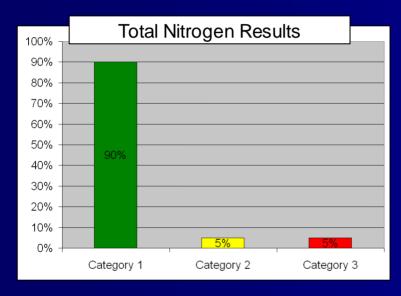


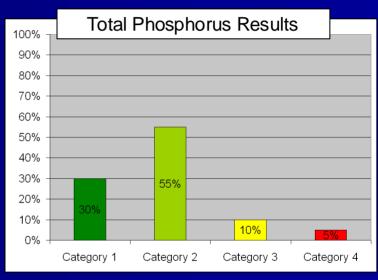






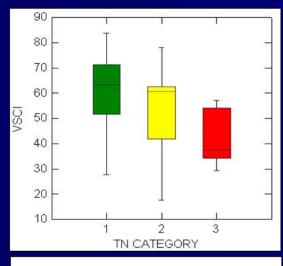
### Standards Development

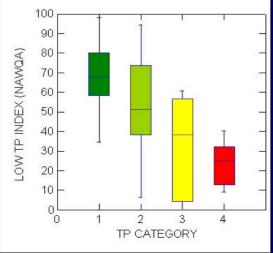


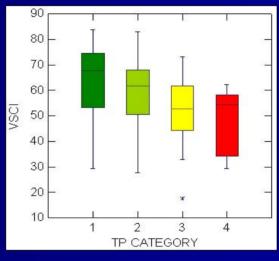


- Category 1: <1 mg/L</p>
- Category 2: 1-2 mg/L
- Category 3: >2 mg/L
- Category 1: <.01 mg/L</p>
- Category 2: .01-.05 mg/L
- Category 3: .05-.1 mg/L
- Category 4: >.1 mg/L

## Standards Development

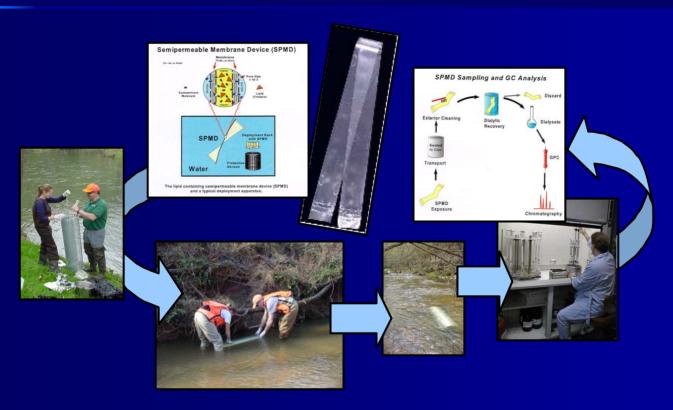






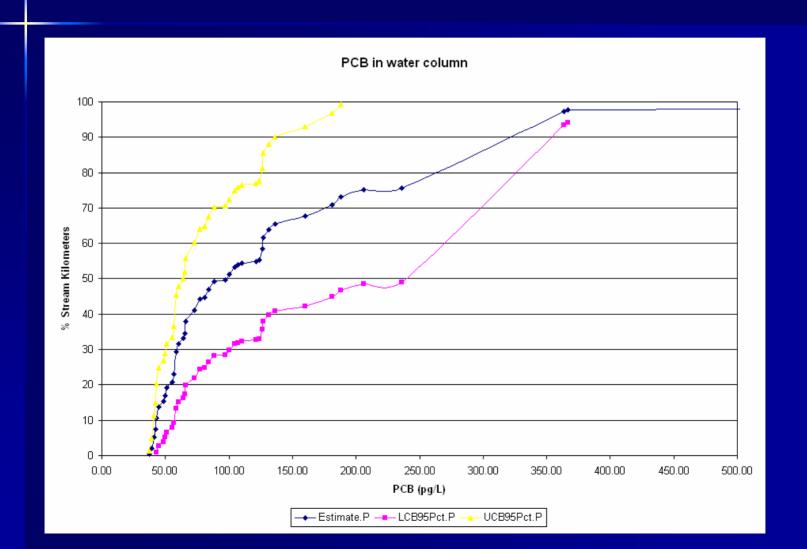


#### Innovative Monitoring



- Semi-permeable membrane device (virtual fish)
- Determine water column concentration

# **Innovative Monitoring**



#### Summary of Benefits of ProbMon

- Biomonitoring
  - Doubled the number of reference sites
  - Validated VSCI
  - Identification of stressor(s)
- New Technologies
  - Relative bed stability
  - Virtual fish
- Assessments
  - Statistical confidence in stream conditions
  - Track water quality improvement
- Research
  - Provides design for testing new methods
  - Monitoring strategy allowed VDEQ to obtain grant money
- Community
  - Provide regional summaries to the public
  - Partnerships (DGIF, EPA, USGS, VT)

